

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd  
3/49 Donaldson Road,  
Rocklea, QLD 4106

Phone: 0491 201 694  
[www.indigospecialty.com.au](http://www.indigospecialty.com.au)

Revision date: 25.03.26

**Product Name:**

**Other means of identification:**

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:**

**Supplier:**

**ABN:**

**Address:**

**Phone:**

**Date of Issue:**

**Revision Date:**

**Email/Website**

**Emergency Telephone:**

TermiForce 100SC Termiticide & Insecticide. Fipronil suspension concentrate; phenylpyrazole insecticide For the protection of structures from subterranean termite damage and for the control of subterranean termites around domestic and commercial structures specified on the product label.

Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd.

15 631 459 660

3/49 Donaldson Road, Rocklea, Qld, 4106

61- (0) 491 201 694

05/2/2021

25/3/2026

[enquiries@indigospecialty.com](mailto:enquiries@indigospecialty.com) [www.indigospecialty.com.au](http://www.indigospecialty.com.au)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

61- (0) 491 201 694

Classification of the substance mixture:

This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE.

**Classification of the substance or mixture:**

Acute oral toxicity – Category 4

Acute inhalation toxicity – Category 4

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure: Category 2

The following health hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations:

Acute aquatic toxicity – Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity – Category 1

Acute dermal toxicity – Category 5

**SIGNAL WORD: WARNING**



**Hazard Statement(s):**

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

**Precautionary Statement(s):**

**Prevention:**

P260 Do not breathe mist/spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated areas.

P264 Wash hands, arms and face thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

**Response:**

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.  
 P330 Rinse mouth.  
 P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
 P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

**Disposal:**

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international Regulations

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS Number	Proportion (w/w)
Fipronil	120068-37-3	10%
Other components are not considered hazardous in this formulation and therefore are not required to be disclosed according to the WHS Regulations.		

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

**Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Seek medical attention if unwell.  
**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with soap and water. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist. Wash clothing before reuse.  
**Eye Contact:** In case of eye contact, check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately irrigate eyes with plenty of running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.  
**Ingestion:** If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into lungs. Can cause chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema. Symptoms of pulmonary oedema can be delayed up to 48 hours after exposure. Seek immediate medical attention.

**First Aid Facilities:** Eyewash and normal washroom facilities.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:** Clinical signs and symptoms reported after ingestion of fipronil by humans include sweating, nausea, vomiting, headache, abdominal pain, dizziness, agitation, weakness, and tonic-clonic seizures. Clinical signs of exposure to fipronil are generally reversible and resolve spontaneously.  
 Initial treatment: Treat symptomatically. Exposure to fipronil and its metabolites can be measured via a blood sample or in the gastric lavage fluid. Samples should be collected as soon after the exposure as possible.<sup>21</sup> Methods of analysis include an ELISA developed to detect total fipronil (fipronil and its metabolites) and liquid chromatography mass spectrometry which can distinguish fipronil from its sulfone and desulfinyl metabolites.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Use water spray\*, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.  
 \* Do not use extinguisher type which may spread fire (e.g. solid water stream or high volume water jet).

**Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture:** Dangerous gases are evolved in the event of a fire.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:**

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.  
 In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.  
 Remove product from areas of fire, or otherwise cool containers with water in order to avoid pressure being built up due to heat.  
 Whenever possible, contain fire-fighting water by diking area with sand or earth.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Emergency procedures/**

**Environmental precautions:**

**Personal precautions/ Protective equipment:**

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:**

In the event of a spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses with absorbent material and call emergency services.  
 Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.  
 Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces.  
 When dealing with a spillage do not eat, drink or smoke.  
 Contain product spill as appropriate. Contain spill of diluted mix by absorbing with clay, sand, soil or proprietary absorbent (such as vermiculite). Cover drains if possible. Collect spilled material and waste in sealable open-top type containers for disposal.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:**

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:**

Read container label before use. Use only in accordance with the instructions provided on the container label, including the Precaution and Protection sections and the Safety Directions.  
 Store in the closed, original container in a dry, well ventilated area, as cool as possible.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Control Parameters:**

**Appropriate engineering controls:**

**Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):**

No exposure standards have been set for this product or its ingredients.  
 Use only in a well-ventilated area.  
 The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors. Observe good standards of hygiene and cleanliness. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use.

**Respiratory Protection:**

**Eye and Face protection:**

**Skin Protection:**

A respirator is not needed under normal and intended conditions of product use however if ventilation is not adequate then a respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.  
 Safety glasses/goggles with side shield protection should be worn as a general precaution. Consult AS/NZS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337 for further information.  
 PVC or nitrile rubber gloves should be worn as a general precaution. Always check with the glove manufacturer or your personal protective equipment supplier regarding the correct type of glove to use. Consult AS/NZS 2161 for further information.  
 Trousers, long sleeved shirt or overalls and closed in shoes or safety footwear should be worn as a general precaution. Consult AS/NZS 2210 and AS/NZS 2919 for further information.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Physical state:**

**Colour:**

**Odour:**

**pH:**

**Specific Gravity:**

**Melting Point/Freezing Point:**

**Boiling Point/range:**

Liquid  
 Off-white  
 Minimal odour  
 7.2 (1% w/w solution)  
 1.05 kg/L (fipronil)  
 No data available for formulation.  
 No data available for formulation.

<b>Flash Point:</b>	No data available for formulation.
<b>Evaporation Point:</b>	No data available for formulation.
<b>Vapour Pressure:</b>	2.8x10 <sup>-9</sup> mmHg @ 25°C (fipronil)
<b>Vapour Density:</b>	No data available for formulation.
<b>Solubility:</b>	0.0019 g/L (pH 5); 0.0024 g/L (pH 9) at 20 °C (fipronil) TermiForce 100SC Termiticide & Insecticide is a suspension in water.
<b>Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water</b>	1.00x10 <sup>4</sup> (fipronil)
<b>Auto-ignition Temperature:</b>	No data available for formulation.
<b>Decomposition Temperature:</b>	No data available for formulation.
<b>Viscosity:</b>	No data available for formulation.

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<b>Reactivity:</b>	Stable under normal storage conditions and use.
<b>Chemical stability:</b>	Stable under normal storage conditions and use.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions:</b>	None when stored and used as directed. Hazardous polymerisation is not possible.
<b>Conditions to avoid:</b>	None known. Store in the closed original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight.
<b>Incompatible materials:</b>	No particular incompatibilities. Store and use as directed.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products:</b>	None known. Store and use as directed.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>Acute toxicity:</b>	Oral LD <sub>50</sub> : 946 mg/kg (rat, calculated from ingredients) Category 4 Dermal LD <sub>50</sub> : 3272 mg/kg (rabbit, calculated from ingredients) Category 5 Inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> =5 mg/L calculated from ingredients)
<b>Ingestion:</b>	Product is harmful if ingested.
<b>Inhalation:</b>	Product is harmful if inhaled.
<b>Skin:</b>	Not expected to be a skin irritant.
<b>Eye:</b>	Not expected to be an eye irritant.
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitisation:</b>	Not expected to be a respiratory or skin sensitiser.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity:</b>	No data for the product. Fipronil is not considered to be genotoxic via in-vitro and in-vivo studies.
<b>Carcinogenicity:</b>	No data for the product. Fipronil is not considered to be carcinogenic (52 week rat studies). Fipronil did not cause mutations in human lymphocytes, Chinese hamster V79 cells, <i>Salmonella</i> (Ames test), or mouse micronuclei.
<b>Reproductive toxicity:</b>	No data for the product. Fipronil is not considered to have significant reproductive toxicity. No developmental abnormalities were reported for fipronil administered to rats and rabbits at oral doses up to 20 mg/kg bw/d and 1 mg/kg bw/d respectively.
<b>STOT-single exposure:</b>	No data for the product. Fipronil technical produces clinical signs of neurotoxicity.
<b>STOT-repeated exposure:</b>	No data for the product. Repeated exposure is derived from the properties of Fipronil technical which may cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<b>Aspiration hazard:</b>	No data for the product.

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>Ecotoxicity:</b>	<b>Information on Fipronil, the primary environmental toxicant in EnviroMax Fipronil 100SC Termiticide &amp; Insecticide.</b>	
	Fish	LC <sub>50</sub> (96 h) 0.246 mg/l, <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>
		LC <sub>50</sub> (96 h) 0.083 mg/l, <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>
		LC <sub>50</sub> (96 h) 0.130 mg/l, <i>Cyprinodon variegatus</i>

Aquatic invertebrates:	EC <sub>50</sub> (48 h) 0.19 mg/l, <i>Daphnia magna</i> EC <sub>50</sub> (96 h) 0.77 mg/L Eastern oyster EC <sub>50</sub> (96 h) 0.14 µg/L Mysid shrimp
Aquatic plants:	EC <sub>50</sub> (96 h) 0.068 mg/l (biomass), <i>Scenedesmus subspicatus</i> .
Birds:	Acute oral LD50 11.3 mg/kg and 31.0 mg/kg, bobwhite quail and pheasants respectively Sub-acute toxicity - 5-day dietary LC50 of 49 mg/kg in bobwhite quail Practically non-toxic to mallard ducks with no documented acute, sub-acute, or chronic effects
Honeybees:	LC <sub>50</sub> 0.004 µg/bee
<b>Persistence/degradability:</b>	Half-life of fipronil is 122-128 days in aerobic soils. No evidence of volatility. Fipronil degrades on soil surfaces by ultraviolet radiation and rapidly in water when exposed to UV light to form fipronil-desulfinyl. Under these conditions, fipronil has a half-life of 34 days in loamy soil and 4 to 12 hours in water. Fipronil is stable to hydrolysis at pH 5 and pH 7. However, it degrades in alkaline conditions direct proportion to increasing pH values.
<b>Bioaccumulative potential:</b>	Fipronil accumulates in fish with a bioconcentration factor of 321 for whole fish, 164 for edible tissue, and 575 for nonedible tissue. Fish eliminated fipronil completely 14 days after being transferred to clean water.
<b>Mobility in Soil:</b>	Low mobility in soil and is not expected to leach into groundwater. Koc = 427-1248 in sandy loam

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

<b>Disposal methods:</b>	Product Disposal: On site disposal of the concentrated product is not acceptable. Ideally, the product should be used for its intended purpose. If there is a need to dispose of the product, approach local authorities who hold periodic collections of unwanted chemicals.  Container Disposal: Do not use this container for any other purpose. Triple or preferably pressure rinse empty containers before disposal or recycling. Add rinsings to spray tank. Contact licensed industrial waste collector for proper disposal.
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### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<b>Road and Rail Transport:</b>	According to AU01, Environmentally Hazardous Substances in packagings, IBC or any other receptacle not exceeding 500kg or 500 L are not subject to the ADG Code. If transported above these limits, then it is classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS UN Number: 3082 Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains FIPRONIL) Transport Hazard Class: 9 Packaging Group: III Hazchem Code: ●3Z
<b>Marine Transport:</b>	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS. UN Number: 3082 Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains FIPRONIL)

	Transport Hazard Class:	9
	Packaging Group:	Not assigned.
	IMDG EMS Fire:	F - A
	IMDG EMS Spill:	S - F
<b>Air Transport:</b>	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.	
	UN Number:	3082
	Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains FIPRONIL)
	Transport Hazard Class:	9
	Packaging Group:	Not assigned.

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

<b>Poison Schedule (SUSMP):</b>	5 – CAUTION
<b>APVMA:</b>	65307
<b>AICS:</b>	All the constituents of this material are either listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS), not required due to the nature of the chemical, or have been assessed under the National Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended.

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

<b>General Information:</b>	None
<b>Issue Number:</b>	002
<b>Issue Date:</b>	05 February 2021
In any event, the review and, if necessary, the re-issue of an SDS shall be no longer than 5 years after the last date of issue.	
<b>Reason(s) for Issue:</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Literary Reference:</b>	None
<b>Key abbreviations or acronyms used:</b>	ADG Code - Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7th edition) AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances AgVet Code Act 1994 – Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code Act 1994 APVMA – Agricultural Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Australia GHS - Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (3 <sup>rd</sup> revised edition) 2009 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer LD <sub>50</sub> or LC <sub>50</sub> – Estimated lethal dose / concentration to kill 50% of the population/sample. Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (December 2016) STEL - Short term exposure limit means the average airborne concentration of a substance calculated over a 15 minute period. The STEL should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour working day. STOT – Specific Target Organ Toxicity SUSMP - Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons SWA - Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC TGA – Therapeutic Goods Australia WHS – Workplace Health and Safety

*The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall the manufacturer be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if the manufacturer has been advised of the possibility of such damages.*

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IF CLARIFICATION OR FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT AN APPROPRIATE RISK ASSESSMENT CAN BE MADE, THE USER SHOULD CONTACT THIS COMPANY SO WE CAN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FROM OUR SUPPLIERS OUR RESPONSIBILITY FOR PRODUCTS SOLD IS SUBJECT TO OUR STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS, A COPY OF WHICH IS SENT TO OUR CUSTOMERS AND IS ALSO AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.

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**END OF SDS**