

READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



Voltar 500 SC

FUNGICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 500 g/L IPRODIONE

GROUP

2

FUNGICIDE

For the control of certain fungal diseases in various crops and situations as specified in the Directions for Use table.

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE OPENING OR USING



Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd

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Ph: 0491 201 694

Contents

5 L



Voltar 500 SC

FUNGICIDE

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Protect from frost. DO NOT store for prolonged periods indirect sunlight. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

For refillable containers empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply/designated collection point for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

May irritate the eyes. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container and using the product wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing), elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131126, New Zealand 0800 764 766.

SDS

Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS). A safety data sheet for ProForce VOLTAR 500 SC Fungicide is available from Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd on request.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice.

CONDITIONS OF SALE:

Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use. No warranty (other than non-excludable statutory warranties) of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of product contrary to label instructions, or under off-label permits not endorsed by Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd or under abnormal conditions. Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any loss or damage arising from incorrect storage, handling or use.



IN A TRANSPORT
EMERGENCY
DIAL 000
POLICE OR FIRE BRIGADE

SPECIALIST ADVICE IN AN EMERGENCY ONLY
0417 653 654
ALL HOURS – AUSTRALIA WIDE



5L

Batch No.

Date of
Manufacture

APVMA Approval No.: 64296/133385

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

1. TREE AND VINE CROPS

RATE				CRITICAL COMMENTS	
In the following table, all rates are given for dilute spraying. For concentrate spraying, refer to Application section.				For all uses in this table: Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same total amount of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods.	
CROP	DISEASE	STATE	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Almonds	Blossom Blight, Brown Rot (<i>Monilinia</i> spp., <i>Sclerotinia</i> spp.)	All States	50 mL/100 L water	-	Apply first at full bloom and, if conditions are favourable for disease development, up to two subsequent applications can be made; at petal fall and up to four weeks after petal fall.
Boysenberries	Grey Mould (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)		100 mL/100 L water	1 day	Spray at 10 % blossom and full bloom. For fruit protection, apply 2 to 3 weeks pre-harvest.
Grapes				7 days	Good crop hygiene will aid in the control of disease. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. If three or fewer bunch rot sprays are applied in a season use only one spray per season containing VOLTAR 500 SC (or other Group 2 Fungicide). 2. If four or more bunch rot sprays are applied in a season use no more than two sprays containing Group 2 fungicides. 3. Late season fungicide treatments should be applied before Botrytis infection reaches unacceptably high levels in the vineyard. 4. DO NOT apply more than two consecutive sprays from the same fungicide group, including from the end of one season to the next.
Kiwifruit	Botrytis Blight (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)	NSW, Vic, WA only			Apply the spray to vines every 10 to 14 days ensuring that all fruit is thoroughly wet. Apply 3 applications at 10 to 14 day intervals from 10 % bloom to petal fall for protection of flowers and young fruit. Apply a further 2 applications of VOLTAR 500 SC to control late season Botrytis.
Macadamias	Botrytis Blight (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)	All States	50 mL/100 L water	-	Apply as thorough cover spray to flower racemes when they open. A follow up spray may be needed one week later if wet conditions persist during flowering. Remove nuts under trees prior to spraying.
Mandarins (non-bearing)	Alternaria Leaf Spot (Brown Spot) (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>)	Qld, NT, WA only	100 mL/100 L water		Apply to non-bearing trees of Murcott variety monthly from first flush in Spring until flushing ceases in the Autumn. Reduce intervals to fortnightly during periods of wet weather.
Passionfruit	Alternata Spot (Brown Spot) (<i>Alternaria</i> spp., <i>Alternaria passiflora</i>)	Qld, NSW, NT, WA only		7 days	This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Maintain a protective cover with protectant fungicide such as Mancozeb. 2. Limit the use of VOLTAR 500 SC to strategic periods, i.e. before, during and after extended wet periods. 3. Always tank mix VOLTAR 500 SC with a protectant such as Mancozeb. 4. DO NOT apply more than four VOLTAR 500 SC (or other Group 2 fungicide) sprays in a season.
Raspberries	Grey Mould (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)	All States		1 day	Spray at 10 % blossom and full bloom. For fruit protection, apply at 2 to 3 weeks pre-harvest.
Stone Fruit: Apricots, Cherries, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums	Orchard Spraying Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia fructicola</i> , <i>Monilinia laxa</i>), Brown Rot (<i>Monilinia fructicola</i> , <i>Monilinia laxa</i>)	Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	50 - 75 mL/100 L water	-	For control of Blossom Blight, spray at 10 % blossom, full bloom and petal/shuck fall. For control of subsequent Brown Rot in fruit, spray at 3 weeks and 1 week pre-harvest. Use higher rate under severe conditions of challenge or for single applications of VOLTAR 500 SC in the spray program. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. DO NOT apply more than two consecutive sprays of VOLTAR 500 SC or (other Group 2 Fungicides). 2. A post-harvest treatment should also be counted as an application. 3. The last Blossom Blight spray and the first pre-harvest brown rot spray should be regarded as consecutive applications. 4. The spray program should be considered, and the strategy applied on a whole orchard basis.
Youngberries	Grey Mould (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)	All States	100 mL/100 L water	1 day	Spray at 10 % blossom and full bloom. For fruit protection, apply at 2 - 3 weeks pre-harvest.

2. FRUIT - POST HARVEST DIPPING

CROP	DISEASE	STATE	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Pome Fruit: Apples, Pears	Post-harvest Dipping Storage Rots (<i>Penicillium</i> spp.) (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.) (<i>Gloeosporium</i> spp.)	All States	100 mL/100 L water	-	To minimise the development of post-harvest rots handle fruit carefully to avoid fruit injury and dip promptly after harvest. Remove any infected fruit from the packing house immediately and destroy. When dipping, allow sufficient time to thoroughly wet the fruit. Top up dip with 100 mL VOLTAR 500 SC in 100 L of water. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. For the last pre-harvest spray, use a fungicide with a different mode of action to the fungicide planned for use as a post-harvest treatment. 2. Where alternative fungicide groups are available rotate to use as many different modes of action as possible. See below Critical Comments for Stone Fruit for Disposal of unused dip solution.
Stone Fruit: Apricots, Cherries, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums	Post-harvest Dipping Brown Rot (<i>Monilinia fructicola</i> , <i>Monilinia laxa</i>), *Transit Rot (<i>Rhizopus</i> spp.)	Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only			To minimise the development of post-harvest rots handle fruit carefully to avoid fruit injury and dip promptly after harvest. Remove any infected fruit from the packing house immediately and destroy. When dipping, allow sufficient time to thoroughly wet the fruit. Top up dip with 200 mL VOLTAR 500 SC in 100 L of water. A non-ionic wetting agent should be added. *Transit Rot is suppressed at this rate. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. For the last pre-harvest spray, use a fungicide with a different mode of action to the fungicide planned for use as a post-harvest treatment. 2. Where alternative fungicide groups are available rotate to use as many different modes of action as possible. Disposal of unused dip solution: DO NOT dispose of unused dip solution as a spray to crops or orchards. DO NOT dispose of unused dip solutions within or near the crop or orchard area. The spent dip should be evenly spread over flat land at a rate not exceeding 20,000L/ha. The disposal site must be dedicated and adequately bunded (soil at least 15cm high). DO NOT dispose unwanted spent dip in the same place repeatedly, as repeated depositions in one location may, over time, create a contaminated site. Site treatment/preparation beforehand is essential. Compacted or poor draining soils should be aerated or cultivated prior to application of the spent dip. Addition of manure or composted materials to soils with low organic matter or nutrients levels will assist biodegradation of the chemical in the soil. A disposal area containing moist, fertile, freely draining soil (eg beneath a green crop or pasture) will enhance breakdown of iprodione following disposal.

3. BERRIES (SEE TREE AND VINES FOR BOYSENBERRIES, RASPBERRIES AND YOUNGBERRIES)

CROP	DISEASE	STATE	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Strawberries	Grey Mould (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)	All States	1.0 L/ha where spray volume is less than 1000 L/ha or 100 mL/100 L water where spray volume equals or exceeds 1000 L/ha	1 day	This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Apply a program of protectant fungicides during flowering. If conditions favour disease development during this period use VOLTAR 500 SC. 2. DO NOT apply more than two successive sprays of VOLTAR 500 SC (or other Group 2 Fungicide).

4. VEGETABLES

CROP	DISEASE	STATE	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Brassica Leafy Vegetables: Bok Choy (Chinese White Cabbage, Chinese Chard), Pak Choy (Chinese White Cabbage, Chinese Chard), Choi Sum (Chinese Flowering Cabbage), Gai Lum, Gai Lan, Kai Lan (All Chinese Broccoli), Kai Choi (Indian Mustard Cabbage), Wong Bok, Pet Sai, Hatsukai (All Chinese Cabbage), Mizuna (Mizuna Greens), Amsoi (Red Mustard), Taishona (Curled Mustard), Komatsuma (Mustard Spinach), Tatsoi (Chinese Flat Cabbage), Gai Choy, Kai Choi, Am Soi (Chinese Mustard, Indian Mustard), Turnip Greens, Mustard Greens, Rutabaga Greens, Mibuna, Kale	Control of Sclerotinia (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>), Grey Mould (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>), Alternaria Leaf Spot (<i>Alternaria brassicae</i>)	All States	1 L/ha	7 days (H, G)	Apply as two applications at 14 day intervals when conditions favour the disease. Apply using hollow cone or flat fan nozzles to give an even and thorough coverage. Apply in a minimum of 200 L/ha depending on crop size and density.

CROP	DISEASE	STATE	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Celery	Sclerotinia Rot (Pink Rot) (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>)	All States	1.0 L/ha where spray volume is less than 1000 L/ha OR 100 mL/100 L water where spray volume equals or exceeds 1000 L/ha	1 day	Commence spraying 1 - 2 weeks post-transplanting then every 2 - 3 weeks. Use only 5 sprays.
Lettuce	Sclerotinia Rot (drop) (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i> , <i>Sclerotinia minor</i>)			Tas, WA only	7 days
	Grey Mould (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)				
Potatoes	Sclerotinia Rot (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>)	All States	500 mL – 1.0 L/ha where spray volume is less than 1000 L/ha OR 50 - 100 mL/100 L water where spray volume equals or exceeds 1000 L/ha	-	Apply 2 sprays, once immediately before and once immediately after hilling-up. For most effective treatment, concentrate the spray at the base of the stems and surrounding soil surface, where the fungus is active. Use the higher rate where disease is severe.
	Target Spot (Early Blight) (<i>Alternaria solani</i>)				Ensure thorough coverage to the whole plant. Treatment is generally not required until after flowering. Use the higher rate where disease is severe. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Limit use of VOLTAR 500 SC to periods when conditions favour disease development. 2. DO NOT apply more than four VOLTAR 500 SC (or other Group 2 fungicide) sprays in one season. 3. Apply no more than two consecutive sprays of a Group 2 fungicide.
	Hypocotyl Rot (Black Scurf) (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)		400 mL/tonne seed material		VOLTAR 500 SC will protect emerging shoots from Hypocotyl Rot, improving overall germination. VOLTAR 500 SC may also reduce occurrence of Black Scurf on the harvested potatoes. Ensure good coverage of seed material and planting furrow. This can be achieved by applying VOLTAR 500 SC as a fine spray to the seed at the time of planting using spray equipment mounted on the planter, and nozzles located at three points on each planter row to ensure uniform coating of seed. DO NOT plant into waterlogged soils. A minimum water volume of 80 L/tonne seed should be used.

CROP	DISEASE	STATE	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Tomatoes	Sclerotinia Rot (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>)	Qld, NSW, Tas, SA, WA only	1.0 L/ha where spray volume is less than 1000 L/ha OR 100 mL/100 L water where spray volume equals or exceeds 1000 L/ha	7 days	Spray at 14 day intervals from transplanting and throughout period of disease pressure.
	Grey Mould (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)	All States			Commence spraying 3 to 4 weeks after transplanting or at the onset of disease. Repeat treatment at 14 day intervals or when conditions favour spread of disease i.e. at trimming or defolating. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Alternate or tank mix VOLTAR 500 SC with a protectant such as chlorothalonil. Avoid applying two VOLTAR 500 SC (or other Group 2 fungicide) sprays in succession, unless tank mixed with a protectant. 2. DO NOT apply more than 4 VOLTAR 500 SC (or other Group 2 fungicide) sprays in a season.
	Target Spot (Early Blight) (<i>Alternaria Solani</i>)	Qld, NT, Tas, WA only			Commence spraying 1 week post-planting. Use adequate water to give thorough coverage of plants. Use high volume spray equipment. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: 1. Limit the use of VOLTAR 500 SC to periods when conditions favour disease development. 2. DO NOT apply more than four VOLTAR 500 SC (or other Group 2 fungicide) sprays in one season. Apply no more than two consecutive sprays of a Group 2 fungicide.

5. FIELD CROPS

CROP	DISEASE	STATE	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Lucerne	Lucerne Leaf Spot (<i>Stemphylium botryosum</i>)	Qld, WA only	250 - 500 mL/ha where spray volume is less than 1000 L/ha OR	7 days (G)	Spray every 10 - 14 days when cool, damp weather favours the disease. Use the higher rate under conditions of high disease pressure.
	Leptosphaerulina Leaf Spot (<i>Leptosphaerulina trifolii</i>)		25 - 50 mL per 100 L water where spray volume equals or exceeds 1000 L/ha		Apply in at least 300 L water/ha every 10 - 14 days when cool, damp weather favours the disease. Use the higher rate under conditions of high disease pressure.
Peanuts	Sclerotinia Rot (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i> , <i>Sclerotinia minor</i>)		1.0 L/ha OR 220 mL/100 L water (spot application)	12 days	Apply when disease first appears. Repeat if necessary. Use a high volume of water to ensure good coverage of foliage and stem at ground level. DO NOT mix with a foliar fungicide due to the different target positions on the plant.
Soybeans	Black Leaf Blight (<i>Arkoola nigra</i>)	NSW, WA only	1.0 L/200 - 400 L water per ha	7 weeks	If disease is present on leaves apply an initial spray at early pod set (pods approximately 5 mm long). An additional spray 14 days later may be required if wet seasonal conditions prevail.

6. ORNAMENTALS AND TURF

CROP	DISEASE	STATE	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Ornamentals	Botrytis Blight (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)	All States	100 mL/100 L water	-	Spray at 14 day intervals commencing when the disease first becomes apparent and continuing until conditions no longer favour the disease. Spraying Saintpaulia and Poinsettia flowers may result in some petal scorch. Tepid water should be used and wet plants protected from direct sunlight. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: DO NOT apply more than 2 consecutive sprays of a Group 2 fungicide.
Recreational Turf	Brown Patch (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>), Dollar Spot (<i>Sclerotinia homoeocarpa</i>)	All States	60 - 90 mL/10 - 150 L water/100 m ²		<u>Curative Program:</u> Repeat treatment after 14 days. Use the higher rate under conditions of severe disease pressure. <u>For Preventative Treatment:</u> Apply as a monthly spray program. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: DO NOT apply more than two consecutive sprays of VOLTAR 500 SC (or other Group 2 fungicides), unless mixed with a protectant fungicide from Group 14, 28, M2, M3, M4 or M5.
	Brown Patch (<i>Curvularia</i> spp.) (<i>Dreschlera</i> spp.) (<i>Fusarium culmorum</i>) (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	Vic only			

CROP	DISEASE	STATE	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Recreational Turf	Fusarium Patch (<i>Fusarium nivale</i>)	All States	90 mL/ 10 - 150 L water/100 m ²	-	<u>For Curative Treatment:</u> Repeat treatment in 14 days. <u>For Preventative Treatment:</u> Apply as a monthly spray program. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: DO NOT apply more than two consecutive sprays of VOLTAR 500 SC (or other Group 2 fungicides), unless mixed with a protectant fungicide from Group 14, 28, M2, M3, M4 or M5.
	Leaf Spot (<i>Dreschlera</i> spp.)		60 mL/10 - 150 L water/100 m ²		
	Spring Dead Spot (<i>Leptosphaeria</i> spp.)*	NSW, SA, ACT only	65 mL/10 - 150 L water/100 m ²	<u>For Preventative Treatment only:</u> Apply as a monthly soil drench throughout the year. Water in thoroughly after application. * When used in a preventative program this product will limit the development of <i>Leptosphaeria</i> and improve the rate of turf recovery. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: DO NOT apply more than two consecutive sprays of VOLTAR 500 SC (or other Group 2 fungicides), unless mixed with a protectant fungicide from Group 14, 28, M2, M3, M4 or M5.	
	Spring Dead Spot (<i>Helminthosporium</i> spp.) (<i>Curvularia</i> spp.)	Vic, WA, NT only			
	Helminthosporium disease affecting leaf, crown and roots: (Black and White Helminthosporium Spot: <i>Bipolaris</i> spp., <i>Drechslera</i> spp., <i>Exserohilum</i> spp.)	All States	45 mL/10 - 150 L water/100 m ²	<u>For Curative Treatment:</u> Apply as a foliar spray and repeat application after 7 - 14 days. For White Spot symptoms on couch grass (<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>) only, use higher water volumes of 100 - 150 L of water per 100 m ² . <u>For Preventative Treatment:</u> Apply as a high volume foliar spray. Repeat applications at monthly intervals from February to May. This use is subject to an CropLife fungicide resistance management strategy: DO NOT apply more than two consecutive sprays of VOLTAR 500 SC (or other Group 2 fungicides), unless mixed with a protectant fungicide from Group 14, 28, M2, M3, M4 or M5.	

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE OR IN ANY MANNER CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

Harvest

ALMONDS, MACADAMIAS, MANDARINS, POME FRUIT, POTATOES, STONE FRUIT: **NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.**
BOYSENBERRIES, CELERY, RASPBERRIES, STRAWBERRIES, YOUNGBERRIES: **DO NOT HARVEST FOR 1 DAY AFTER APPLICATION.**
BRASSICA LEAFY VEGETABLES, GRAPES, KIWIFRUIT, LETTUCE, TOMATOES AND PASSIONFRUIT: **DO NOT HARVEST FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.**
PEANUTS: **DO NOT HARVEST FOR 12 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.**
SOYBEANS: **DO NOT HARVEST FOR 7 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.**

Grazing

BRASSICA LEAFY VEGETABLES, LUCERNE: **DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.**

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

FUNGICIDE RESISTANCE WARNING

VOLTAR 500 SC is a member of the dicarboximide group of fungicides. For fungicide resistance management the product is a Group 2 fungicide. Some naturally occurring individual fungi resistant to the product and other Group 2 fungicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any fungal population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the fungal population if these fungicides are used repeatedly. These resistant fungi will not be controlled by this VOLTAR 500 SC or other Group 2 fungicides, thus resulting in a reduction in efficacy and possible yield loss. Since the occurrence of resistant fungi is difficult to detect prior to use, Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control resistant fungi.

EXPORT OF TREATED PRODUCE

Growers should note that MRLs or import tolerances may not exist in all markets for produce treated with VOLTAR 500 SC. If you are growing produce for export, please check with Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd for the latest information on MRLs and import tolerances BEFORE using VOLTAR 500 SC.

MIXING

Note: VOLTAR 500 SC may be unstable in conditions where the pH is 7 or higher. It is therefore essential to check the pH of the spray solution before adding VOLTAR 500 SC. A suitable registered buffering agent may have to be added to bring pH down below 7. Add half the required water volume to the spray tank or vat with the agitation mechanism operating. Add the required volume of this product and then add additional water to the volume required.

TURF NUTRITION

This product acts very rapidly and where the turf is of a low nutritional status, a slight yellowing may be seen. This will be corrected by nitrogenous fertilizer application. Where possible, it is recommended that the fertilizer program should precede the fungicide application.

APPLICATION

Good disease control requires even, thorough coverage of the target area. Application should be made using appropriate spray equipment and sufficient water to provide adequate penetration and coverage. Equipment settings and water volume may need to vary, depending on the growth stage of the crop.

Tree and Vine Crops

Dilute Spraying

Use a sprayer designed to apply high spray volumes, up to the point of run-off and matched to the crop being sprayed. Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy. Apply sufficient spray solution to cover the crop to the point of run-off. Avoid excessive run-off. The required spray volume to achieve point of run-off may be determined by applying different test volumes, using different settings on the sprayer, from industry guidelines or expert advice. Add the amount of product specified in the Directions For Use table for each 100 L of water. Spray to the point of run-off. The required dilute spray volume to achieve point of run-off will change and the sprayer set up and operation may also need to be changed, as the crop grows.

Concentrate Spraying

Use a sprayer designed and set up for the concentrate spraying (that is a sprayer which applies spray volumes less than those required to reach the point of run-off) and matched to the crop being sprayed. Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy using your chosen water volume. Determine an appropriate dilute spray volume (See Dilute Spraying above) for the crop canopy. This is needed to calculate the concentrate mixing rate. The mixing rate for concentrate can then be calculated in the following way:
EXAMPLE ONLY

1. Dilute spray volume as determined above: For example 1500 L/ha.
 2. Your chosen concentrate spray volume: For example 500 L/ha.
 3. The concentration factor in this example is: 3x (ie 1500 L ÷ 500 L = 3).
 4. If the dilute label rate is 10 mL/100 L, then the concentrate rate becomes 3 x10, that is 30 mL/100 L of concentrate spraying.
- The chosen spray volume, amount of product per 100 L of water, and the sprayer set up and operation may need to be changed as the crop grows. For further information on concentrate spraying, users are advised to consult relevant industry guidelines, undertake appropriate competency training and follow industry Best Practices.

COMPATIBILITY

VOLTAR 500 SC is compatible with the following products: Alette® WG, Bugmaster® Flowable, calcium chloride, chlorpyrifos 500 EC, copper oxychloride, dimethoate, endosulfan, maldison, mancozeb, metalaxyl and methomyl . When tank mixing products the order of mixing is determined by formulation type. As a guide the following mixing sequence is recommended.

1. Wettable powders
2. Suspension concentrates
3. Water Dispersible Granules
4. Suspo-emulsions (eg. VOLTAR 500 SC)
5. Soluble powders
6. Solutions
7. Emulsifiable concentrates
8. Soluble concentrates
9. Wetting agents and oils

With any mixture, thoroughly agitate immediately before applying. It is not recommended to mix this product with more than one of the above chemicals in the tank. The use of a surfactant or spray oil is not recommended with VOLTAR 500 SC as it may result in crop damage to sensitive plants. DO NOT mix with fertilisers. **Note:** Mixing VOLTAR 500 SC with Alette WG may result in some settling out. As formulations of other manufacturer's products are beyond the control of Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply the products under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment that may cause spray drift onto nearby plants/crops, cropping lands or pasture.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Toxic to aquatic organisms. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Protect from frost. DO NOT store for prolonged periods indirect sunlight. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

For refillable containers empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply/designated collection point for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

May irritate the eyes. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container and using the product wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing), elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield and contaminated clothing.

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ProForce

Voltar 500 SC

FUNGICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 500 g/L IPRODIONE

GROUP 2 FUNGICIDE

For the control of certain fungal diseases in various crops and situations as specified in the Directions for Use table.

IMPORTANT: THIS LEAFLET IS PART OF THE LABEL ATTACHED TO THE CONTAINER. READ THOROUGHLY BEFORE OPENING OR USING THIS PRODUCT.

Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd
ABN 15 631 459 660
3/49 Donaldson Road, Rocklea QLD 4106
SPECIALTY PRODUCTS

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131126, New Zealand 0800 764 766.

SDS

Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS). A safety data sheet for ProForce VOLTAR 500 SC Fungicide is available from Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd on request.

CONDITIONS OF SALE:

Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use. No warranty (other than non-excludable statutory warranties) of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of product contrary to label instructions, or under off-label permits not endorsed by Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd or under abnormal conditions. Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any loss or damage arising from incorrect storage, handling or use.



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