Weed Blast MA

HERBICIDE

DIRECTIONS FOR USE RESTRAINTS

DO NOT spray if weeds are wilted by dry or cold weather or if crops are at a susceptible stage, or if rain is likely within 4 hours.

DO NOT apply if frosts are imminent.

DO NOT apply to diseased or frost affected crops or turf.

Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at apvma.gov.au/spraydrift

DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.

FLAT SIZE: 332 MM WIDE X 448 MM DEEF

DO NOT apply unless the wind speed is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the application site during the time of application. DO NOT apply if there are hazardous surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application. Surface

temperature inversion conditions exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one to two hours after sunrise

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat, Barley,	Amsinckia (Amsinckia spp.), Capeweed (Arctotheca calendula), Chamomile (Matricaria matricarioldes), Charlock (Sinapis arvensis), Corn gromwell (Ironweed, Sheepweed) (Buglossoides arvensis), Fat hen (Chenopodium album), Field madder (Sherardia arvensis), Hexham scent (King Island Melilot) (Melilotus indica), Horned poppy (Glaucium flavum), Indian hedge mustard (Sisymbrium orientale), Lesser swinecress (Coronopus didymus), Mexican poppy (Argemone ochroleuca), Mintweed (Salvia reflexa), Paterson's curse (Salvation Jane) (Echium plantagineum), Rough poppy (Papaver hybridum), Saffron thistle (Carthamus lanatus), Shepherd's purse (Capsella bursapastoris), Slender thistles (Carduus tenuiflorus, C.pycnocephalus), Tree hogweed (Polygonum patulum), Turnip weed (Giant Mustard) (Rapistrum rugosum), Wild radish (Raphanus	Plants up to the 6 leaf stage but not more than 50 mm in diameter Plants up to the 8 leaf stage but not more than 75 mm in diameter.	WA only	750 mL/ha	CROP STAGE: Wheat, Barley, Cereal Rye, Oats and Triticale: 3 leaf to fully tillered stage (213-30) for rates of 750 mL to 1.4 L/ha; 5 leaf to fully tillered stage (213-30) for rates of 750 mL to 1.4 L/ha; 5 leaf to fully tillered stage (215-30) for rate of 2 L/ha (NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only); or early tillering to fully tillered stage (Z21-30) (Old only). Linseed: 50 to 150 mm high. D0 NOT apply to linseed by aircraft. Yelf spraying Black bindweed when wheat, barley, cereal rye, oats, triticale or linseed is more than 300 mm high, increased spray volume to 200 L/ha. For optimal control, apply only when the weeds are actively growing. In the early stages following spraying, temporary wilting of crop and pasture may occur. Crop scorch may occur, particularly on oats if treatment is delayed to later stages of growth. Refer to the General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application. D0 NOT apply to crops or pastures undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable.
Cereal rye, Oats and Triticale; Linseed; Grass Pastures			Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, NT, ACT	Tas,	
			only 2.0 L/	2.0 L/ha	
				1.4 L/ha	
	raphanistrum), Wild turnip (Brassica tournefortin) Black bindweed [§] (Climbing buckwheat) (Fallopia convolvulus), Common peppercress (Lepidium africanum), Mustards (Sisymbrium spp.), Purple Calandrinia (Calandrinia menziesii)	Plants up to the 4 leaf stage but not more than 35 mm in diameter.	WA only	1 L/ha	
		Plants up to the 6 leaf stage but not more than 50 mm in diameter		1.4 L/ha	
		Plants up to the 8 leaf stage but not more than 75 mm		2 L/ha	

available from Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd on request. A safety data sheet for ProForce WEED BLAST MA Herbicide is Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS). SOS

swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766. If If poisoning occurs contact a doctor or Poisons Information **GIA T2817**

clothing. day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash shield or goggles. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with wrist, a washable hat and elbow-length PVC gloves and face prepared spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and NOT inhale spray mist. When preparing the spray and using the and will irritate the skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO Product is poisonous if inhaled or swallowed. Attacks the eyes

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

OF CHILDREN TONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

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CONDITIONS OF SALE Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use. No warranty (other than non-excludable statutory warranties) of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of product contrary to label instructions, or under off-label permits not endorsed by Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd or under abnormal conditions. Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any loss or damage arising from incorrect storage, handling or use



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APVMA Approval No.: 70206/140938

Envirodrum remains the property of Indigo Specialty Products Pty return the empty Envirodrum to the point of purchase. The When the contents of the Envirodrum have been used, please rinsed with clean water and drained accordingly.

Matic coupler, delivery system and hoses are disconnected, triple matter. After each use of the product, please ensure that the Micro NOT contaminate the Envirodrum with water or any other toreign NOT tamper with the Micro Matic valve or the security seal. DO area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. DO Store the original sealed Envirodrum in a cool, well-ventilated Envirodrum 110 L Mini Bulk Returnable Container

return to point of supply for refill or storage. contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Empty Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated Refillable containers

> linseed, grass pastures and turf oats, barley, cereal rye, triticale, Use table LIQUID HYDROCARBON GROUP 6 4. HERBICIDE

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat, Barley, Cereal rye, Oats and Triticale; Linseed; Grass Pastures (Cont)	Fumitory (Fumaria spp.), Three-cornered Jack (Doublegee, Spiny emex) (Emex australis)	Plants up to the 3 leaf stage but not more than 50 mm in diameter	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA only	1.4 L/ha	CROP STAGE: Wheat, Barley, Cereal rye, Oats and Triticale: 3 leaf to fully tillered stage (Z13-30) for rates of 750 mL to 1.4 L/ha; 5 leaf to fully tillered stage (Z15-30) for rate of 2.0 L/ha (NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only); or early tillering to fully tillered stage (Z21-30) (Qld only). Linseed: 50 to 150 mm high. DO NOT apply to linseed by aircraft.
		Plants up to the 4 leaf stage but not more than 60 mm in diameter	WA only	750 mL/ha	
		Plants up to the 5 leaf stage but not more than 75 mm in diameter	Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, NT ACT only	2.0 L/ha	For optimal control, apply only when the weeds are actively growing. In the early stages following spraying, temporary wilting of crop and pasture may occur.
		Plants up to the 6 leaf stage but not more than 85 mm in diameter	WA only	1.4 L/ha	Crop scorch may occur, particularly on oats if treatment is delayed to later stages of growth. Refer to the General Instructions.
		Plants up to the 4	Vic, Tas, SA, NT, ACT	750 mL/ha	Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application. DO NOT apply to crops or pastures undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable. ^ Where Wireweed (Hogweed) occurs in red soils of low fertility, it has been found to be less susceptible. In these circumstances use 2 L/ha.
		leaf stage but not more than 35 mm in diameter		1.4 L/ha	
		Plants up to the 6 leaf stage but not more than 50 mm in diameter		2.0 L/ha	
				1.4 L/ha	
	Mountain sorrel (Oxalis acetosella), Three-horned bedstraw (Galium tricomutum)	Plants up to the 6 leaf stage		750 mL/ha	
		Plants up to the 8 leaf stage		1.4 L/ha	
	Cleavers (Galium aparine)	2-4 stem stage and 1-3 whorls of leaves per stem		750 mL/ha	
Wheat, Barley, Cereal rye, Oats, Triticale	Common sowthistle (Sonchus oleraceus)				Apply under good growing conditions. Avoid spraying when soil is dry. DO NOT spray under frosty conditions. In early stages following spraying, temporary wilting of crop may occur. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C or are more likely to occur for a few days after application. DO NOT apply to crops undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable.
		Up to 4 leaves	Northern NSW and Qld only	1.4 L	Crop stages: Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale: - 3 leaf to full tillering (Z13-30). Use as early as possible to avoid shading of weeds by the crop. Strictly for use on small weeds early in crop before shading out. If Group 3 resistance is suspected, or weeds have grown through a previous application of chlorsulfuron apply 2.1 L/ha. Use a minimum spray volume of 70 L/ha
		4 to 8 leaves		2.1 L	Crop stages: Wheat, Barley, Oats and Triticale: -3 leaf to full tillering (Z13-30). Use as early as possible to avoid shading of weeds by the crop.
Turf, established Couch (incl. Queensland blue), Kikuyu, Paspalum, Buffalo, Fescue, Pant & Park James	Bindy-eye, Jo-Jo (Onehunga), Cudweed, Dandelion, Catsear, Plantains, Thistles, Oxalis, Capeweed, Creeping buttercup, Fleabane, Clover (not Tas.)		All States	300 mL/100 L water OR 60 mL/100	Apply evenly over the area to be treated. DO NOT mow turf for 2 days after treatment.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION

WITHHOLDING PERIOD: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 8 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

empty containers or product. Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant sbecifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, embth backaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit approved waste management facility is not available, bury the packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty

and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection gisbose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple rinse Store in closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

If in doubt, contact your nearest Department of Agriculture. breeding stock. DO NOT graze horses or pigs on Paterson's curse. thistles predominate in the pasture. Avoid grazing with young or especially where capeweed, Paterson's curse and variegated from causes such as nitrate poisoning. Care should be taken intake of some weeds may result in stock poisoning and death Sprayed weeds may become more palatable to stock and a higher

Grazing Precaution PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

watercourses with the chemical or used containers. Dangerous to fish. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or **ENVIRONMENT**

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Before opening, carefully read Directions for Use, Precautionary and Protection Statements, Storage and Disposal, Safety Directions and First Aid Instructions.

MIXING

To ensure even mixing, half fill spray tank with clean water and add the required amount of this product. Agitate thoroughly, then add the remainder of water. Agitate again before spraying

APPLICATION

DO NOT use rain-drop or air-induction nozzles as coverage of weeds may not be adequate.

Boom Sprayer: Calibrate the machine before use to ensure that the correct application rate is obtained. Check height of boom above the crop to ensure that the spray is evenly distributed. Cereals: Apply 50-200 L of water per hectare. Use higher water volume (min. 100 L/ha) where the weed infestation is heavy, the crop cover is dense or when tank-mixing with DIMOP 500. Complete coverage of weeds is essential.

Linseed: Apply a minimum of 220 L of water per hectare. **Turf:** Apply a minimum of 500 L of water per hectare.

Aerial Application: Apply a minimum of 22 L of water per hectare or 30 L of water per hectare if tank-mixing with DIMOP 500. Markers should always move upwind before aircraft passes overhead. Application by micronaire equipment may give variable

and established plants may be damaged. or on days following treatment, may result in seedling mortality Note: Maximum daily temperatures at or above 20°C at application, by misting machines.

tomatoes, vines, lupins, fruit trees and ornamentals. DO NOT apply vapour movement onto susceptible crops such as cotton, tobacco, plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. Avoid spray drift and equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying

STNAJ9 PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET

COULTOI RESISTANT WEEDS.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

any losses that may result from the failure of WEED BLAST MA to to use, Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd accepts no liability for Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior controlled by this product or other Group 6 and Group 4 herbicides. herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant MA and other Group 6 and Group 4 herbicides may exist through Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to WEED BLAST management WEED BLAST MA is a Group 6 and Group 4 Herbicide. of plant cell growth modes of action. For weed resistance the inhibitors of photosynthesis at photosystem II and disruptors the phenoxys groups of herbicides. WEED BLAST MA has both is a member of both the nitriles and GROUP **6** 4 HERBICIDE Proforce WEED BLAST MA Herbicide

EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE

After use wash application equipment thoroughly with Spraymate Tank & Equipment Cleaner and rinse several times.

COMPATIBILITY

This product is physically compatible in the spray tank with one of the following herbicides or insecticides in wheat and barley only. METFURON, DIMOP 500, DICAM, MCPA, DIMETHOLINX, OMETHO-MITE, Endosulfan or CHLORPOS. When mixed with METFURON or DICAM, do not apply to cereals undersown with lucerne. When mixed with DIMOP 500, DO NOT exceed 1.4 L of this product per hectare. Observe all instructions on the mixture partner label. As formulations of other manufactures products are beyond the control of Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities.